A man and boy from the Mundari tribe are pictured with their catch in Terekeka, a fishing community 75km north of Juba in South Sudan, on September 17, 2012. The Mandari are a nilotic tribe and are known for fishing with only spears and nets and for their cattle keeping traditions. AFP PHOTO/Camille LepageCAMILLE LEPAGE/AFP/GettyImages
Boys from the Mandari tribe wait by the Nile river for boats with the day’s catch to arrive in Terekeka, a fishing community 75km north of Juba in South Sudan, on September 17, 2012. The Mandari are a nilotic tribe and are known for fishing with only spears and nets and for their cattle keeping traditions. AFP PHOTO/Camille Lepage/CAMILLE LEPAGE/AFP/GettyImages
A South Sudanese market trader sits in his shop where he sells imported bananas from Uganda at Konyo Konyo Market in Juba on August 28, 2012. Konyo Konyo is the oldest market in Juba. AFP PHOTO/ Camille LepageCAMILLE LEPAGE/AFP/GettyImages
A fisherman from the Mundari tribe watches a small boat carrying fruits in Terekeka, a fishing community 75km north of Juba in South Sudan, on September 17, 2012. The Mandari are a nilotic tribe and are known for fishing with only spears and nets and for their cattle keeping traditions. AFP PHOTO/Camille Lepage CAMILLE LEPAGE/AFP/Getty Images
NILOTIC BOYS: Mendari tribal boys waited by the Nile River for boats with the day’s catch to arrive in Terekeka, South Sudan, Monday. The Mandari are known for fishing with only spears and nets and for their cattle-keeping traditions.
STILL KICKING: Deng, 7 years old, played with a ball at a rehabilitation center in Juba, South Sudan, Wednesday. His leg was amputated three years ago when he was injured in a land mine explosion.